

Please write clearly in block capitals.	
Centre number	Candidate number
Surname	
Forename(s)	
Candidate signature	

INTERNATIONAL GCSE BUSINESS

PAPER 2 INFLUENCES OF MARKETING AND FINANCE ON BUSINESS ACTIVITY

Specimen 2017

Morning

Time allowed: 2 hours

Materials

For this paper you must have:

a calculator, which you are expected to use where appropriate.

Instructions

- Use black ink or black ballpoint pen.
- Fill in the boxes at the top of the page.
- Answer all questions.
- You must answer the questions in the spaces provided. Do not write outside the box around each page or on blank pages.
- All working must be shown.
- Do all rough work in this book. Cross through any work you do not want to be marked.

Information

- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- The maximum mark for this paper is 90.

Advice

• You may use a bilingual dictionary.

For Examiner's Use	
Question	Mark
1	
2	
3	
4	
5	
6	
7	
8	
9	
10	
11	
12	
TOTAL	

Section A

		Answer all questions in the spaces provided.	
Only one ans	wer	per question is allowed.	
		completely fill in the circle alongside the appropriate answer.	
CORRECT METHOD		wrong methods	
			ah awa
		nge your answer you must cross out your original answer as	
If you wish to select as sho		rn to an answer previously crossed out, ring the answer you	now wish to
0 1	Wh	nich one of the following is a primary industry?	
			[1 mark]
	Α	Banking	0
	В	Building houses	0
	С	Farming	0
	D	Tourism	0
0 2	Wh	nich one of the following is an example of secondary market	research? [1 mark]
	Α	Counting how many customers go into your competitor's store	0
	В	Emailing a questionnaire to your customers	0
	С	Stopping people in the street to ask their opinions of your product	0
	D	Studying your competitor's sales figures	0

0 3		ousiness has variable costs of 3.00 US\$ per item manufacture sts of 500 US\$.	ed and fixed
	Wh	at will be the total cost of manufacturing 1000 items?	[1 mark]
	A	503 US\$	0
	В	3000 US\$	0
	С	3500 US\$	0
	D	503 000 US\$	0
0 4	US	P is a marketing term.	
	Wh	at do the initials USP stand for?	[1 mark]
	Α	Uniform Selling Price	0
	В	Unique Selling Point	0
	С	Unit Sales Product	0
	D	Unrelated Sales Promotion	0
0 5		nich one of the following is most likely to happen if there is a lemployment?	large rise in [1 mark]
	Α	Government spending on benefits will go down	0
	В	More people will be looking for work	0
	С	People's living standards will increase	0
	D	There will be an increase in the demand for luxury items	0
		Turn over for the next question	

0 6	Wh	ich one of these pricing strategies involves setting the price linning then gradually increasing it?	low at the
	A	Competitive pricing	0
	В	Cost plus pricing	0
	С	Penetration pricing	0
	D	Price skimming	0
0 7	Ide	ntify and explain one reason why a start-up business might c earch.	conduct market [2 marks]

0 8

Table 1 shows the revenue and costs of a cafe for three months. The figures are given in Egyptian Pounds (EGP).

Table 1

Month	Revenue	Total Costs
January	45 000 EGP	32 000 EGP
February	55 000 EGP	35 000 EGP
March	50 000 EGP	35 000 EGP

Calculate the average monthly profit made over these three months.	
Show your calculations.	[3 marks]

Turn over for the next question

0 9	Yousef is planning to start his own taxi business.	
	Identify and explain one way Yousef might benefit from setting a clear	ır
	objective for his business.	[2 marks]
		·
1 0	Many international businesses have strong brands for their products.	
<u>-</u>	Identify and explain one benefit to a business of having a well-known	brand.
		[2 marks]

Section B

Answer **all** questions in the spaces provided.

1 | 1

Item A Costa Coffee

Costa Coffee is the second largest coffee shop chain in the world. The largest chain is Starbucks. Costa is trying to beat Starbucks to become the number one coffee shop provider.

Costa started in the UK in 1971. At first, it only sold coffee beans to London restaurants. There was then a period of fast expansion when the company began to open up its own coffee shops. The first overseas coffee shop that Costa opened was in Dubai in 1995. Costa now has about 3500 coffee shops in more than 30 countries.

In 2011 Costa took over coffee vending machine company, Coffee Nation. This helped Costa move into the self-serve market. It called the new brand Costa Express and now has more than 6000 coffee vending machines. Many of these self-serve machines are located at petrol filling stations where people can buy a freshly-made cup of coffee.

1 1.1	Identify and explain two benefits to Costa of becoming a larger business. [4 marks]
	Benefit 1
	Benefit 2

1 1 . 2	Costa has 6000 Costa Express vending machines selling coffee.
	Analyse the benefits to Costa of selling coffee using vending machines.
	[6 marks]
	Extra space

1 1 . 3	Costa took over the coffee vending business, Coffee Nation.
	Identify and explain two benefits to Costa of expanding by taking over another business.
	[4 marks]
	Benefit 1
	Benefit 2
	Question 11 continues on the next page
	Question 11 continues on the next page

Item B Costa Coffee

Costa has a customer loyalty scheme. When customers buy coffee they are given points on their loyalty cards. After a customer has enough Costa points, the points can be used to get a free cup of coffee. A mobile/cell phone app makes the scheme even easier for customers. The app can be used to collect the points and it also helps customers find the nearest Costa Coffee shop.

1 1 . 4	Costa could lower its prices to gain more customers. Instead it chooses to have a loyalty scheme.
	Analyse the benefits to Costa of having a loyalty scheme. [6 marks]

	Extra space
	Item C Costa Coffee
	In the financial year 2015/2016: Costa made £154 million Net Profit Costa's Revenue for that year was £1103 million.
	Figures are in UK pounds.
1 1 . 5	Calculate Costa's Net Profit Margin for the financial year 2015/2016.
	Give your answer correct to 2 decimal places and show your calculations. [3 marks]
	Question 11 continues on the next page

1 1 . 6	 The Net Profit that Costa makes can be used: to give shareholders a dividend to pay for the expansion of the business. 				
	Using Items A and B , analyse the benefits to Costa of using its profits to expand the business. [6 marks]				
	Extra space				

	Item D Costa Coffee
	Like many large international companies, Costa sees itself as a responsible business. Costa says it does not want its business to cause too much harm to the environment. It asks its customers to put their paper cups in a waste paper bin to avoid dropping litter. It is also trying to find ways of recycling the paper cups, so valuable resources are not wasted.
	Costa has also started a charity to raise money to help poor areas of the world where Costa coffee beans are grown. The charity is called the Costa Foundation. About £2 million (UK pounds) are raised each year. This amount comes from customers giving money and from the sale of Costa items, such as cups with the Costa logo. This money is used in these poor areas to help local communities by providing schools. Costa believes that a better education will give children a good start in life and help them out of poverty.
1 1 . 7	Becoming a socially-responsible business can have an effect on Costa's profits.
	Evaluate whether Costa should be more concerned about increasing its profits, than being a socially-responsible business.
	Use the information in Items A, B, C and D to give reasons for your decision. [12 marks]

15
Extra space

Turn over for the next section

41

Section C

Answer all questions in the spaces provided.

1 2

Item E Fantastic Fabrics



Fantastic Fabrics is a Malaysian shop that sells fabrics to make dresses with and other sewing items. Mrs Mistry started the business in 1985 and still manages it on her own. When the shop first opened it sold only rolls of fabric. Most of the customers were women who bought the fabric to make clothes for their families. Some customers used the fabric to earn money by making clothes for other people.

Mrs Mistry stocks many different rolls of fabric in her shop. Her customers like to have a wide range to choose from when they buy fabric. Some of these rolls are very expensive for Mrs Mistry to buy. Sometimes it takes two years to sell all of the fabric on a roll. The large levels of stock have often resulted in the shop having cash flow difficulties.

1 2 . 1	What is meant by a cash flow difficulty?	[2 marks]

1 2 . 2	Identify and explain two ways that Mrs Mistry might improve her cas without reducing her stock of fabrics.	sh flow [4 marks]
	1	
	2	
	Question 12 continues on the next page	

Item F Fantastic Fabrics

Mrs Mistry has gradually introduced new products for the shop to sell. She now also sells shopping bags and scarves which are popular with her customers. Fantastic Fabrics has even been asked to be a franchisee for a well-known manufacturer of sewing machines. Mrs Mistry would be given some sewing machines to demonstrate to customers. If she sold any of the sewing machines, Mrs Mistry would pass the order on to the manufacturer who would deliver the sewing machine to the customer. Mrs Mistry would be allowed to keep 10% of the purchase price of the sewing machine for getting the order.

1 2 . 3	Mrs Mistry is not sure whether to accept the sewing machine franchise.
	Analyse the benefits to Mrs Mistry's business of taking on this franchise. [6 marks]

	E	xtra space					
[Item G			
				Intastic Fabric			
	is l	recent years, the because young thes.					
		Mrs Mistry has kept sales records of how much fabric she has sold since starting Fantastic Fabrics. The average weekly sales can be seen in Table 2 .					
		Table 2	Average week	ly sales of fabr	ic at Fantastic I	-abrics	
			1985	1995	2005	2015	
		Average weekly sale of fabric in meters	75 meters	160 meters	165 meters	90 meters	-
							1
1 2 . 4	Us	ing Table 2 and	your knowled	ge of the produ	ıct life cycle, ex	plain the	
		anges seen in th			•	[6 mar	ks]
	-						

Extra space
Extra space

Item H Fantastic Fabrics

Mrs Mistry is often asked if she could provide sewing classes to teach sewing skills. She could provide the sewing classes in the evening after the shop had closed. She would need to invest in 8 new sewing machines to be used in the sewing classes. She would also have to pay for the electricity and fabric used when teaching the classes.

Table 3 Estimated revenue and costs of operating the sewing classes Figures are Malaysian Ringgits (RM)

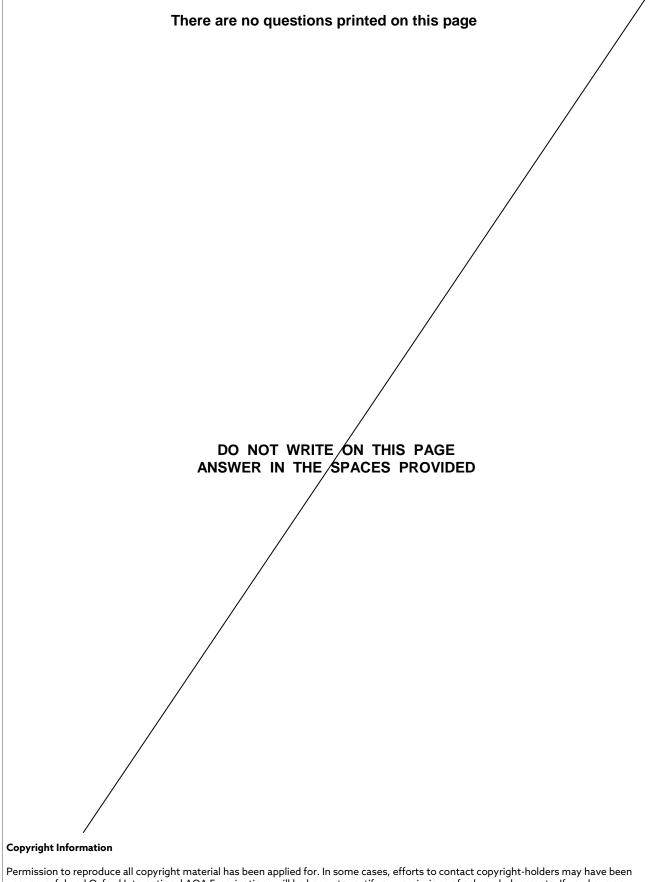
Total revenue from people attending each class	200 RM per evening class
Investment in sewing machines	8 sewing machines at 1200 RM each
Cost of providing the classes (electricity and fabric)	40 RM per evening class

Mrs Mistry believes that she would be able to provide only two classes each week. She is elderly and she feels that she would get too tired if she taught any more classes.

Mrs Mistry plans to run two sewing classes each week.
Using the figures in Table 3 , calculate how long, in weeks, it would take for Mrs Mistry's investment in sewing machines to be paid back (the payback period).
Show your calculations.
[4 marks]

1 2 . 6	Mrs Mistry is not sure whether to start running the sewing classes.	
	Recommend whether you think she should run the sewing classes.	
	Use the information in Items E, F, G and H to give reasons for your	
	recommendation.	[12 marks]

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END OF QUESTIONS



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Question 11 Item C: Reproduced with kind permission of Whitbread Group PLC Question 12 Item E: Shopping for fabrics © Instants/istock.com

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