Switching Guide

International AS and A-level Mathematics (9660) and Further Mathematics (9665)

Switching from Pearson Edexcel or **Cambridge International to OxfordAQA** International Qualifications

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Introduction

This guide aims to help those centres looking to switch to **OxfordAQA International AS and A-level Mathematics** or **Further Mathematics** from either the Cambridge International or the Pearson Edexcel International qualifications.

It identifies the main similarities and differences in terms of content and assessment approaches between the qualifications.



OXFORDAQA INTERNATIONAL QUALIFICATIONS

Switching to OxfordAQA International AS and A-level Mathematics (9660) and Further Mathematics (9665)

OxfordAQA International AS and A-level Mathematics and

Further Mathematics are stand-alone, modular qualifications, designed for teaching outside the United Kingdom. OxfordAQA have built on the success of previous modular qualifications in Mathematics and Further Mathematics incorporating the best of the AQA specifications, blending attractive features for both teachers and students with ideas, concepts and approaches to learning to ensure these qualifications are appropriate for international schools.

All the International AS and A-level Mathematics and Further Mathematics options include both Mechanics and Statistics. This feature is consistent with the A-level Mathematics exams. As such the qualifications have widespread recognition for university entrance in the UK as well as in other international universities, including those in the USA, Canada and Australia.

Key features AS and A-level Mathematics:

- Exam papers are designed specifically for non-native English speakers, to give them the best possible opportunity to demonstrate their knowledge and understanding of Maths.
- Meet the expectations of top universities, with a solid, collective grounding in pure maths, statistics and mechanics.
- Plenty of opportunities for problem-solving and reasoning to prepare students for university entrance tests and the demands of the 21st-century workplace.

Key features AS and A-level Further Mathematics:

- Designed with an identical structure to the OxfordAQA International A-level Mathematics specification to make co-teaching simple.
- The four units of the Further Mathematics qualifications taken by candidates are all distinct from the A-level Mathematics units.
- Provides challenge for the most able mathematicians who are intending to study a maths-related degree.
- Excellent preparation for mathematical entrance tests at top universities such as Oxford and Cambridge.

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The international exam board that puts fairness first

Qualifications offered

| OxfordAQA | Pearson Edexcel International | Cambridge International |
|--|--|-------------------------------------|
| AS Mathematics (XMA01). A-level Mathematics (YMA01). | AS Mathematics (XMA01). A-level Mathematics (YMA01). | AS and A-level Mathematics (9709). |
| AS Further Mathematics (XFM01). A-level Further Mathematics (YFM01). | AS Further Mathematics (XFM01). A-level Further Mathematics (YFM01). | A-level Mathematics Further (9231). |
| | AS Pure Mathematics (XPM01). A-level Pure Mathematics (YPM01). | |



Qualification Assessment Objectives

| OxfordAQA | Pearson Edexcel International | Cambridge International |
|--|---|--|
| Two are identified: 1 AO1: Recall and select knowledge of mathematical facts, concepts, models and techniques required to solve problems in a variety of contexts. 2 AO2: Construct rigorous mathematical arguments and proofs through use of precise statements, mathematical manipulation, logical deduction, modelling assumptions and justifications to solve structured and unstructured problems, and to deduce, interpret and communicate results. Approximate weighting 45:55 | Five are identified: Recall, select and use their knowledge of mathematical facts, concepts and techniques in a variety of contexts. Construct rigorous mathematical arguments and proofs through use of precise statements, logical deduction and inference and by the manipulation of mathematical expressions, including the construction of extended arguments for handling substantial problems presented in unstructured form. Recall, select and use their knowledge of standard mathematical models to represent situations in the real world; recognise and understand given representations involving standard models; present and interpret results from such models in terms of the original situation, including discussion of the assumptions made and refinement of such models. Comprehend translations of common realistic contexts into mathematics; use the results of calculations to make predictions, or comment on the context; and, where appropriate, read critically and comprehend longer mathematical arguments or examples of applications. Use contemporary calculator technology and other permitted resources (such as formulae booklets or statistical tables) accurately and efficiently; understand when not to use such technology, and its limitations. Give answers to appropriate accuracy. | Cambridge International One single area broken down in to five elements. The abilities assessed in the exams cover a single area: Technique with application. The exam will test the ability of candidates to: Understand relevant mathematical concepts, terminology and notation Recall accurately and use successfully appropriate manipulative techniques Recognise the appropriate mathematical procedure for a given situation Apply combinations of mathematical skills and techniques in solving problems Present mathematical work, and communicate conclusions, in a clear and logical way No weighting given between the different elements. |
| | 30%, 30%, 10%, 5%, 5% | |

Summary of specifications and assessment models

| Aspect | OxfordAQA | Pearson Edexcel International | Cambridge International |
|--------------------------------------|---|--|--|
| Content | Includes Pure Maths, Statistics and Mechanics. Includes the study of pure maths, along with both statistics and mechanics. Students chose between further courses in either Statistics or Mechanics for the fourth module for both Mathematics and Further Mathematics. Five modules offered at both Mathematics and Further Mathematics. (10 in total) | Includes Pure Maths, Statistics and Mechanics. AS Mathematics can be just Pure Maths. A-level includes either Mechanics and/or Statistics. Seven modules offered for Mathematics. Some choice of questions between Mechanics and Statistics within the second paper for Further Mathematics. | Includes Pure Mathematics, Mechanics, Statistics and Decision Mathematics. AS requires one application paper, either Mechanics, Stats or Decision. A-level includes either Mechanics, Statistics and/ or Decision Mathematics. An A-level in Pure Maths is also offered. Seven modules offered for Mathematics and eight for Further Mathematics. (12 in total) |
| Time | 180 Guided Learning Hours for AS. 360 Guided Learning Hours for A-level. | No guidance given. | 180 Guided Learning Hours for AS. 360 Guided Learning Hours for A-level. |
| Assessment AS Mathematics | Two modules prescribed. Pure Mathematics, Mechanics and Statistics. | Two modules, three options. Common Pure Maths paper with either second pure maths, mechanics or stats paper. | Two modules, three options. Common Pure Maths paper with either second pure maths, mechanics or stats paper. |
| Assessment A-level Mathematics | Four modules, three prescribed and either Mechanics or Statistics paper, which can be taken either throughout the course in January and May/June (with repeated attempts) or at the end of the course. All AS papers can contribute to the full A-level. | Four modules, two prescribed and two from Mechanics(2 papers) Statistics(2) and Decision (1), which can be taken either throughout the course in January and May/June (with repeated attempts) or at the end of the course. All AS papers can contribute to the full A-level. | Four modules, two prescribed and two Mechanics and/or Stats papers, which can be taken either throughout the course in January and May/June (with repeated attempts) or at the end of the course. AS second Pure paper cannot contribute to the full A-level – other papers can. |

| Aspect | OxfordAQA | Pearson Edexcel International | Cambridge International |
|--|---|--|--|
| Assessment AS Further Mathematics | Two modules prescribed covering Further Pure Mathematics, Mechanics and Statistics. | Three modules, one further pure maths paper prescribed with two of pure maths, mechanics, statistics and/or decision maths. | Not offered. |
| Assessment A-level Further Mathematics | Four exam papers in total, three of which are compulsory. Both AS papers contribute to the full A-level. | Six exam papers in total. All three AS papers contribute to the full A-level. | Two exam papers in total including Pure, Mechanics and Statistics. |
| Calculators | Electronic calculators or graphical calculators may be used in all papers. | Electronic calculators or graphical calculators may be used in all papers. Calculators with a facility for symbolic algebra, differentiation and/or integration are not permitted. | It is expected that candidates will have a calculator with standard 'scientific' functions available for use for all papers in the exam. Computers, graphical calculators and calculators capable of algebraic manipulation are not permitted. |

Comparison of exam papers and course structure for AS and A-level Mathematics

| Aspect | OxfordAQA | Pearson Edexcel International | Cambridge International |
|---|---|---|--|
| AS Mathematics Two modules are studied in all exams leading to two exam papers. Weighting of | Unit 1: Pure Maths. Unit PSM1 (Pure Maths, Statistics and Mechanics). 50:50 | Paper 1 Core Maths C12 and one of: • Mechanics M1, • Statistics S1; or • Decision D1. 66.6:33.3 | Paper 1: Pure Mathematics 1 (P1) and one of: Paper 2: Pure Mathematics 2 (P2) Paper 4: Mechanics 1 (M1) or Paper 6: Probability and Statistics 1 (S1). 60:40 |
| papers (%) Weighting Pure: Applied | 75:25 | 66.6:33.3 | either 100:0 or 60:40 |
| A-level Mathematics | Four module course where five modules are offered, three of which are compulsory (Bold). | Four module course where seven modules are offered, two of which are compulsory (Bold). | Six modules are offered, two of which are compulsory (Bold). |
| Four modules are studied in all exams leading to four exam papers. | Unit 1: Pure Maths Unit PSM1 (Pure Maths, Statistics and Mechanics) Unit P2: Pure Maths Unit S2: Statistics Unit M2: Mechanics Two combinations can be taken. Either: P1 + PSM1 + P2 + S2; or P1 + PSM1 + P2 + M2. | 1 Unit C12: Core Mathematics 12 2 Unit C34: Pure Mathematics 34 3 Unit M1: Mechanics 1 4 Unit M2: Mechanics 2 5 Unit S1: Statistics 1 6 Unit S2: Statistics 2 7 Unit D1: Decision Mathematics 1 Five combinations can be taken. Either: • CP12 + C34 + M1 and S1 • CP12 + C34 + M1 and D1 • CP12 + C34 + S1 and D1; or • CP12 + C34 + S1 and S2. | Unit P1: Pure Mathematics 1 Unit P3: Pure Mathematics 3 Unit M1: Mechanics 1 Unit M2: Mechanics 2 Unit S1: Statistics 1 Unit S2: Statistics 2 Three combinations can be taken. Either: P1 + P3 + M1 and S1 P1 + P3 + M1 and M2; or P1 + P3 + S1 and S2. |

| Aspect | OxfordAQA | Pearson Edexcel International | Cambridge International |
|----------------------------|--|--|---|
| Weighting of papers (%) | 20 20 37.5 22.5 | 33.3 33.3 16.7 16.7 | 30 30 20 20 |
| Weighting Pure: Applied | 67.5:32.5 | 66.6:33.3 | 60:40 |
| Note: | Both AS papers contribute to the full A-level. | Both AS papers contribute to the full A-level. | Pure Mathematics 2 (P2) does not contribute to the full A-level. 0:40 |

OxfordAQA International (5 papers)

| | P1 | PSM1 | P2 | S2 | M2 |
|---|------|------|------|--------|--------|
| Timing – hours: mins | 1:30 | 1:30 | 2:30 | 1:30 | 1:30 |
| Marks | 80 | 80 | 120 | 80 | 80 |
| Compulsory (1)/optional modules for AS | 1 | ✓ | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Weighting of papers (%) | 50 | 50 | | | |
| Compulsory (1)/optional modules for A-level | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 of 2 | 1 of 2 |
| Weighting of papers (%) | 20 | 20 | 37.5 | 22.5 | 22.5 |

| Possible combinations | AS (2 papers) | P1, PSM1 | |
|-----------------------|--------------------|------------------|------------------|
| | A-level (4 papers) | P1, PSM1, P2, S2 | P1, PSM1, P2, M2 |

Pearson Edexcel International (7 papers)

| | C12 | C34 | M1 | M2 | S1 | S2 | D1 |
|--|------|------|--------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Timing – hours: mins | 2:30 | 2:30 | 1:30 | 1:30 | 1:30 | 1:30 | 1:30 |
| Marks | 125 | 125 | 75 | 75 | 75 | 75 | 75 |
| Compulsory ()/optional modules for AS | 1 | n/a | 1 of 3 | n/a | 1 of 3 | n/a | 1 of 3 |
| Weighting of papers (%) | 66.6 | | 33.3 | | 33.3 | | 33.3 |
| Compulsory ()/optional modules for A-level | 1 | ✓ | 1 of 5 |
| Weighting of papers (%) | 33.3 | 33.3 | 16.7 | 16.7 | 16.7 | 16.7 | 16.7 |

| Possible combinations | AS (2 papers) | C12, M1 | C12, S1 | C12, D1 | | |
|-----------------------|--------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|------------------|
| | A-level (4 papers) | C12, C34, M1, S1 | C12, C34, M1, D1 | C12, C34, M1, M2 | C12, C34, S1, D1 | C12, C34, S1, S2 |

Cambridge International (7 papers)

| | P1 | P2 | P3 | M1 | M2 | S1 | S2 |
|--|------|--------|------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Timing – hours: mins | 1:45 | 1:15 | 1:45 | 1:15 | 1:15 | 1:15 | 1:15 |
| Marks | 75 | 50 | 75 | 50 | 50 | 50 | 50 |
| Compulsory (| 1 | 1 of 3 | n/a | 1 of 3 | n/a | 1 of 3 | |
| Weighting of papers (%) | 60 | 40 | | 40 | | 40 | |
| Compulsory (/optional modules for A-level | 1 | n/a | 1 | 1 of 4 | 1 of 4 | 1 of 4 | 1 of 4 |
| Weighting of papers (%) | 20 | 20 | 37.5 | 22.5 | 22.5 | | |

| Possible combinations | AS (2 papers) | P1, P2 | P1, M1 | P1,S1 |
|-----------------------|--------------------|----------------|----------------|----------------|
| | A-level (4 papers) | P1, P3, M1, S1 | P1, P3, M1, M2 | P1, P3, S1, S2 |

Advantages of OxfordAQA International AS and A-level Mathematics

The prescribed modules for International AS and limited choice for International A-level means it is easier for centres to offer all options, it lowers the possibility of confusion, and is simpler to administrate.

Including both Statistics and Mechanics in a compulsory module for both International AS and A-level means that students can make a better-informed choice for studying subsequent modules.

All International AS modules contribute to the full International A-level whereas this is not the case with the Cambridge International P2 module.

Comparison of exam papers and course structure for International AS and A-level Further Mathematics

| Aspect | OxfordAQA | Pearson Edexcel International | Cambridge International |
|--|--|---|-------------------------|
| AS Further Mathematics Two modules are studied in all exams leading to two exam papers. | Unit FP1: Pure Maths. Unit FPSM1 (Pure Maths, Statistics and Mechanics). | Unit F1 Further Pure Maths. Any two of modules in: Further Pure Maths F2, F3, Mechanics M1, M2; Statistics S1, S2; or Decision D1, but must be distinct from any A-level Mathematics entry. | Seemingly not offered. |
| Weighting of papers (%) | 50:50 | 33.3 : 33.3 : 33.3. | |

| Aspect | OxfordAQA | Pearson Edexcel International | Cambridge International |
|---|--|--|--|
| A-level Further Mathematics Two modules are studied in all exams leading to two exam papers. | Four module course where five modules are offered, three of which are compulsory (Bold). 1 Unit FP1: Pure Maths 2 Unit FPSM1 (Pure Maths, Statistics and Mechanics) 3 Unit FP2 (Pure Maths) | Six module course where eight modules are offered, F1 is compulsory along with either F2 and/or F3 (Bold). 1 Unit F1 Further Pure Maths 2 Unit F2 Further Pure Maths 3 Unit F3 Further Pure Maths | Paper 1: Pure Mathematics and assumes knowledge of the syllabus for Pure Mathematics (units P1 and P3). Paper comprises about 11 questions of different marks and lengths on Pure Mathematics. Candidates should answer all questions and one of the two alternatives for the final question |
| | 4 Unit FS2: Statistics 5 Unit FM2: Mechanics. Two combinations can be taken. Either: • FP1 + FPSM1 + FP2 + FS2; or • FP1 + FPSM1 + FP2 + FM2. | 4 Unit M1: Mechanics 1 5 Unit M2: Mechanics 2 6 Unit M3: Mechanics 3 7 Unit S1: Statistics 1 8 Unit S2: Statistics 2 9 Unit S3: Statistics 3 10 Unit D1: Decision Mathematics 1 Various combinations (105 possible options?) but must be distinct from any A-level Mathematics entry. | (worth 12–14 marks). Paper 2: Mechanics and Statistics and assumes knowledge of the syllabuses for Mechanics (units M1 and M2) and Probability and Statistics (units S1 and S2). Paper comprises 4 or 5 questions on Mechanics (worth a total of 43 or 44 marks) followed by 4 or 5 questions on Statistics (worth a total of 43 or 44 marks) and one final question worth 12 or 14 marks on either Mechanics or Statistics. |
| Weighting of papers (%) | 20 : 20 : 37.5 : 22.5 | 16.7% for each module. | 50:50. |
| Note | Four exam papers in total. Both AS papers contribute to the full A-level. | Six exam papers in total. All three AS papers contribute to the full A-level. | Two exam papers in total. |

OxfordAQA International (5 papers)

| | FP1 | FPSM1 | FP2 | FS2 | FM2 |
|--|------|-------|------|--------|--------|
| Timing – hours: mins | 1:30 | 1:30 | 2:30 | 1:30 | 1:30 |
| Marks | 80 | 80 | 120 | 80 | 80 |
| Compulsory ()/optional modules for AS | 1 | 1 | n/a | n/a | n/a |
| Weighting of papers (%) | 50 | 50 | | | |
| Compulsory ()/optional modules for A-level | ✓ | ✓ | ✓ | 1 of 2 | 1 of 2 |
| Weighting of papers (%) | 20 | 20 | 37.5 | 22.5 | 22.5 |

| Possible combinations | AS (2 papers) | FP1, FPSM1 | |
|-----------------------|--------------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| | A-level (4 papers) | FP1, FPSM1, FP2, FS2 | FP1, FPSM1, FP2, FM2 |

Pearson Edexcel International (10 papers)

| | F1 | F2 | F3 | M1-3 | S1-3 | D1 |
|---|------|--------|--------|--------------|--------------|--------|
| Timing – hours: mins | 1:30 | 1:30 | 1:30 | 1:30 | 1:30 | 1:30 |
| Marks | 75 | 75 | 75 | 75 | 75 | 75 |
| Compulsory (1)/optional modules for AS | 1 | 1 of 3 | 1 of 3 | Up to 2 of 3 | Up to 2 of 3 | 1 of 3 |
| Weighting of papers (%) | 33.3 | 33.3 | 33.3 | 33.3 | 33.3 | 33.3 |
| Compulsory (1)/optional modules for A-level | ✓ | 1 of 2 | 1 of 2 | Up to 3 of 6 | Up to 3 of 6 | 1 of 6 |
| Weighting of papers (%) | 16.7 | 16.7 | 16.7 | 16.7 | 16.7 | 16.7 |

| Possible combinations | AS (2 papers) | F1+2 | |
|-----------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|----------------------|
| | A-level (4 papers) | F1 + F2 or F3 + 4 others | F1, F2, F3 +3 others |

Cambridge International 2019 (2 papers)

| | Paper 1 | Paper 2 |
|---|---------|---------|
| Timing – hours: mins | 3:00 | 3:00 |
| Marks | 100 | 100 |
| Compulsory (1)/optional modules for AS | n/a | n/a |
| Weighting of papers (%) | n/a | n/a |
| Compulsory (1)/optional modules for A-level | 1 | 1 |
| Weighting of papers (%) | 50 | 50 |

| Possible combinations | AS (2 papers) | n/a | |
|-----------------------|--------------------|------------------|--|
| | A-level (2 papers) | Paper 1, Paper 2 | |

Advantages of OxfordAQA International AS and A-level Further Mathematics

As with the Mathematics qualifications the prescribed modules for International AS and limited choice for International A-level means it is easier for centres to offer all options, it lowers the possibility of confusion, and is simpler to administrate. It also follows the familiar four module structure of the International AS and A-level Mathematics qualifications.

Including both Statistics and Mechanics in a compulsory module for both International AS and A-level means that students can make a better-informed choice for studying subsequent modules.

With the Mathematics qualifications all International AS modules contribute to the full International A-level whereas this is not the case with the Cambridge International P2 module.

Comparison of content International AS and A-level Mathematics – Overview of modules

| OxfordAQA | Pearson Edexcel International | Cambridge International |
|--|---|-----------------------------|
| Unit 1: Pure Maths | Core Mathematics 12 Unit C12 | Unit P1: Pure Mathematics 1 |
| • P1.1: Algebra (Quadratics, Factor theorem, graphs, | 1 Algebra and functions | 1 Quadratics |
| transformations). | 2 Coordinate geometry in the (x, y) plane | 2 Functions |
| P1.2 Coordinate Geometry. | 3 Sequences and series | 3 Coordinate geometry |
| • P1.3: Differentiation (Polynomial, tangent, normal, | 4 Exponentials and logarithms | 4 Circular measure |
| D1 (, integration (including transmission rule)) | 5 Trigonometry | 5 Trigonometry |
| • P1.4: Integration (including trapezium rule). | 6 Differentiation | 6 Vectors |
| • P1.5: Sequences and Series (arithmetic, geometric and binomial expansion). | 7 Integration | 7 Series |
| | | 8 Differentiation |
| | | 9 Integration |

| OxfordAQA | Pearson Edexcel International | Cambridge International |
|--|---|---|
| Unit PSM1 (Pure Maths, Statistics and | Core Mathematics 34 Unit C34 | Unit P2: Pure Mathematics 2 (Paper 2) |
| Mechanics) | 1 Algebra and functions | 1 Algebra |
| • PP1.1: Circle | 2 Sequences and series | 2 Logarithmic and exponential functions |
| PP1.2: Trigonometry | 3 Trigonometry | 3 Trigonometry |
| PP1.3 Exponential and logarithms | 4 Exponentials and logarithms | 4 Differentiation |
| S1.1: Further Probability | 5 Coordinate geometry in the (x, y) plane | 5 Integration |
| S1.2: Discrete random variables | 6 Differentiation | 6 Numerical solution of equations |
| S1.3: Bernoulli and binomial distributions | 7 Integration | |
| M1.1: Motion in a straight line with constant acceleration | 8 Numerical methods | |
| M1.2: Motion in a straight line with variable acceleration | 9 Vectors | |
| M1.3: Forces and Newton's Laws | | |
| M1.4: Momentum and impulse (Restricted to motion in a straight line) | | |

| OxfordAQA | Pearson Edexcel International | Cambridge International |
|---|--|--|
| Unit P2: Pure Maths | | Unit P3: Pure Mathematics 3 (Paper 3) |
| P2.1: Algebra and functions (composite and inverse, modulus, rational, partial fractions) | | 1 Algebra 2 Logarithmic and exponential functions |
| P2.2: Sequences and series | | 3 Trigonometry |
| P2.3: Coordinate geometry in the (x, y) plane (parametric equations) | | 4 Differentiation |
| P2.4: Trigonometry (compound angles, identities) | | 5 Integration |
| P2.5: Exponentials and logarithms | | 6 Numerical solution of equations |
| P2.6: Differentiation (exponential, logarithmic, trigonometric, implicit and parametric) | | 7 Vectors8 Differential equations |
| P2.7: Integration (substitution, volume of revolution, partial fractions) | | 9 Complex numbers |
| P2.8: Differential equations | | |
| P2.9: Numerical methods (iteration, numerical integration) | | |
| • P2.10: Vectors | | |
| | Mechanics 1 Unit M1 | Unit M1: Mechanics 1 (Paper 4) |
| | 1 Mathematical models in mechanics | 1 Forces and equilibrium |
| | 2 Vectors in mechanics | 2 Kinematics of motion in a straight line |
| | 3 Kinematics of a particle moving in a straight line | 3 Newton's laws of motion |
| | 4 Dynamics of a particle moving in a straight line or plane | 4 Energy, work and power |
| | 5 Statics of a particle | |
| | 6 Moments | |

| OxfordAQA | Pearson Edexcel International | Cambridge International |
|-----------------------------------|---|---|
| Unit M2: Mechanics | Mechanics 2 Unit M2 | Unit M2: Mechanics 2 (Paper 5) |
| M2.1: Mathematical modelling | 1 Kinematics of a particle moving in a straight line or | 1 Motion of a projectile |
| M2.2: Kinematics | plane | 2 Equilibrium of a rigid body |
| M2.3: Statics and forces | 2 Centres of mass | 3 Uniform motion in a circle |
| M2.4: Newton's Law of Motion | 3 Work and energy | 4 Hooke's law |
| • M2.5: Projectiles | 4 Collisions | 5 Linear motion under a variable force |
| M2.6: Work and energy | 5 Statics of rigid bodies | |
| M2.7: Uniform circular motion | | |
| | Statistics 1 Unit S1 | Unit S1: Probability and Statistics 1 (Paper 6) |
| | 1 Mathematical models in probability and statistics | 1 Representation of data |
| | 2 Representation and summary of data | 2 Permutations and combinations |
| | 3 Probability | 3 Probability |
| | 4 Correlation and regression | 4 Discrete random variables |
| | 5 Discrete random variables | 5 The normal distribution |
| | 6 The Normal distribution | |
| Unit S2: Statistics | Statistics 2 Unit S2 | Unit S2: Probability and Statistics 2 (Paper 7) |
| S2.1: Poisson distribution | 1 The Binomial and Poisson distributions | 1 The Poisson distribution |
| S2.2: Continuous random variables | 2 Continuous random variables | 2 Linear combinations of random variables |
| S2.3: Exponential distribution | 3 Continuous distributions | 3 Continuous random variables |
| S2.4: Normal distribution | 4 Hypothesis tests | 4 Sampling and estimation |
| S2.5: Estimation | | 5 Hypothesis tests |
| S2.6: Hypothesis testing | | |

| OxfordAQA | Pearson Edexcel International | Cambridge International |
|-----------|--------------------------------|-------------------------|
| | Decision Mathematics 1 Unit D1 | |
| | 1 Algorithms | |
| | 2 Algorithms on graphs | |
| | 3 The route inspection problem | |
| | 4 Critical path analysis | |
| | 5 Linear programming | |
| | 6 Matchings | |

Comment on comparison of AS and A-level Mathematics content

Given the changes in the UK A-level Mathematics with both Mechanics and Statistics now being a compulsory element, the OxfordAQA exam is the only one that ensures that students encounter these applications of mathematics at both AS and A-level. This structure allows students to keep their options open in Year 1, by getting a good grounding in both major applications, before making a well-informed choice for their specialism in Year 2. It also provides a strong argument that the OxfordAQA exam is better preparation for studying mathematics and mathematics related subjects in UK universities.

Pure Mathematics: There are high levels of consistency in both content coverage and structure between the three qualifications. All include calculus at AS and A-level and numerical methods at A-level. Matrices and Complex Numbers are in all three Further mathematics specifications. The weighting given to Pure Mathematics while similar, does vary between the boards as follows: OxfordAQA 67.5%, Cambridge International 60%, Pearson Edexcel 66.6%.

Mechanics: Content appears fairly consistent between the three qualifications. Greater coverage with Cambridge International and Pearson Edexcel with their M2 papers, including centres of mass. This greater coverage is to be expected given the different weighting given to Mechanics for students doing M2. For A-level the OxfordAQA it would be a minimum of 5% and a maximum of 27.5% whereas Cambridge International is either 0%, 20% (M1 only) or 40% (M1 and M2) and Pearson Edexcel is 0%, 16.7% (M1 only) or 33.3% (M1 and M2). For AS the comparable weightings are 12.5% for OxfordAQA, either 0% or 40% for Cambridge International and either 0% or 33.3% for Pearson Edexcel.

Statistics: Similar content and structure although Binomial distribution appears on S2 for Pearson Edexcel whereas introduced in earlier modules for OxfordAQA and Cambridge International. All include hypothesis testing but only in the optional S2 papers. The comparable weighting of statistical content between the boards is the same as that for Mechanics, i.e. for OxfordAQA it would be a minimum of 5% and a maximum of 27.5% whereas Cambridge International is either 0%, 20% (S1 only) or 40% (S1 and S2) and Pearson Edexcel is 0%, 16.7% (S1 only) or 33.3% (S1 and S2). Similarly for AS the comparable weightings are 12.5% for OxfordAQA, either 0% or 40% for Cambridge International and either 0% or 33.3% for Pearson-Edexcel.

Decision Mathematics: Only offered by Pearson Edexcel as a single module with a 33.3% weighting for AS 16.7% weighting for A-level.

AS and A-level Further Mathematics content

| OxfordAQA | Pearson Edexcel International | Cambridge International |
|--|---|--|
| While there is 'assumed knowledge' from the A-level qualification none of the units offered at A-level can | Assumed knowledge is from the Core Mathematics 12 Unit C12 mandatory earlier module. | Paper 1: Pure Mathematics assumes knowledge of the syllabus for Pure Mathematics (units P1 and P3). |
| contribute to the Further Mathematics AS or A-level qualifications. | 1 Algebra and functions | Paper 2: Mechanics and Statistics assumes knowledge |
| Shaded units are compulsory. | 2 Coordinate geometry in the (x, y) plane | of the syllabuses for Mechanics (units M1 and M2) and Probability and Statistics (units S1 and S2). |
| | 3 Sequences and series | |
| | 4 Exponentials and logarithms | |
| | 5 Trigonometry | |
| | 6 Differentiation | |
| | 7 Integration | |
| Unit FP1 (Pure Maths) | Further Pure Mathematics 1 Unit F1 | Paper 1 |
| FP1.1: Algebra and graphs | 1 Complex numbers | 1 Polynomials and rational functions |
| FP1.2: Coordinate geometry | 2 Roots of quadratic equations | 2 Polar coordinates |
| FP1.3: Complex numbers | 3 Numerical solution of equations | 3 Summation of series |
| FP1.4: Roots and coefficients of a quadratic equation | 4 Coordinate systems | 4 Mathematical induction |
| FP1.5: Series | 5 Matrix algebra | 5 Differentiation and integration |
| FP1.6: Trigonometry | 6 Transformations using matrices | 6 Differential equations |
| FP1.7: Calculus | 7 Series | 7 Complex numbers |
| | 8 Proof | 8 Vectors |
| | | 9 Matrices and linear spaces |

| OxfordAQA | Pearson Edexcel International | Cambridge International |
|--|---|-------------------------|
| Unit FPSM1 (Pure Maths, Statistics and Mechanics) | Further Pure Mathematics 2 Unit F2 | |
| FPP1.1: Matrices and transformationsFPP1.2: Linear graphsFPP1.3: Numerical methodsFS1.1: Bayes' TheoremFS1.2: Uniform distribution | Prequalities Series Further complex numbers First order differential equations Second order differential equations Maclaurin and Taylor series | |
| FS1.3: Geometric distributionFS1.4: Probability generating functions (pgf)FS1.5: Linear combinations of discrete random variables | 7 Polar coordinates | |
| FM1.1: Constant velocity in two dimensionsFM1.2: Dimensional analysisFM1.3: Collisions in one dimension | | |

| OxfordAQA | Pearson Edexcel International | Cambridge International |
|--|------------------------------------|---|
| Unit FP2 (Pure Maths) | Further Pure Mathematics 3 Unit F3 | |
| FP2.1: Roots and polynomials | 1 Hyberbolic functions | |
| FP2.2: De Moivre's Theorem | 2 Further coordinate systems | |
| FP2.3: Polar coordinates | 3 Differentiation | |
| FP2.4: Proof by induction | 4 Integration | |
| FP2.5: Finite series | 5 Vectors | |
| FP2.6: Series and limits | 6 Further matrix algebra | |
| FP2.7: The calculus of inverse trigonometrical functions. FP2.8: Arc length and area of surface of revolution about the x-axis | | |
| FP2.9: Hyperbolic functions. | | |
| FP2.10: Differential equations – first order | | |
| FP2.11: Differential equations – second order | | |
| FP2.12: Vectors and three-dimensional coordinate geometry | | |
| FP2.13: Matrix algebra | | |
| FP2.14: Solution of linear equations | | |
| Unit FM2 (Mechanics) | Mechanics 3 Unit M3 | Paper 2 |
| FM2.1: Vertical circular motion | 1 Further kinematics | Mechanics (Sections 1 to 5). |
| FM2.2: Projectiles launched onto inclined planes | 2 Elastic strings and springs | 1 Momentum and impulse |
| FM2.3: Elastic strings and springs | 3 Further dynamics | 2 Circular motion |
| FM2.4: Collisions in two dimensions | 4 Motion in a circle | 3 Equilibrium of a rigid body under coplanar forces |
| FM2.5: Application of differential equations | 5 Statics of rigid bodies | 4 Rotation of a rigid body |
| FM2.6: Simple harmonic motion | | 5 Simple harmonic motion |

| OxfordAQA | Pearson Edexcel International | Cambridge International | |
|--|--|--|--|
| Unit FS2 (Statistics) | Statistics 3 Unit S3 | Paper 2 | |
| FS2.1: Moment generating functions (mgf) | 1 Combinations of random variables | Statistics (Sections 6 to 9) | |
| FS2.2: Estimators | 2 Sampling | 6 Further work on distributions | |
| FS2.3: Estimation | 3 Estimation, confidence intervals and tests | 7 Inference using normal and t-distributions | |
| FS2.4: Further hypothesis testing | 4 Goodness of fit and contingency tables | 8 _X 2-tests. | |
| | 5 Correlation | 9 bivariate data | |

Comment on comparison of AS and A-level Further Mathematics content

Cambridge International do not offer an AS in Further Mathematics. Cambridge International do state that knowledge of the whole content of the Cambridge International A-level Mathematics syllabus is assumed. The consequence of this is that the equivalent of 40% of the A-level content will need to be covered dependent on the modules studied for A-level. The additional modules could be either M2S2, M1M2, or S1S2. Logistically this probably means that centres teaching the Cambridge International will prescribe the options for A-level Mathematics for Further Mathematics students. The structure of the OxfordAQA specification can be co-taught, particularly towards the end of the course with its natural division between Pure and Applied units.

For the OxfordAQA paper no additional content to the A-level is required, apart from that in the Further Maths specifications, with M2 assumed knowledge for the FM2 option and similarly with S2 for the FS2 option. Likewise, the modular structure of the Pearson Edexcel provides progression from A-level with assumed knowledge only from mandatory earlier modules. For example, FP1 requires C12, FP2 requires C12, C34, FP1, and M2 requires C12, C34 and M1. In practice, only a few centres would be able to offer every one of the many available combination for the Further Mathematics exam. Choices would be determined by a combination of factors such as modules sat for A-level Mathematics, other courses studied, university and career intentions as well as numbers of students, capacity of teaching staff and timetabling constraints.

Pure Mathematics: Content is broadly similar with all qualifications including complex numbers and matrices in compulsory elements but no explicit mention of hyperbolic functions in the Cambridge International specification. It is interesting to note that Pearson Edexcel offer a choice of two Further Pure Maths modules (F2 and F3) in addition to the compulsory Unit F1. The F2 and F3 modules are not sequential and students could do one of either, or both. Candidates doing the OxfordAQA and Cambridge International qualifications are guaranteed to have covered a wider range of Pure Mathematics topics than those who have only done two of the three Pearson Edexcel Pure Maths modules. The weighting given to Pure Mathematics while similar, does vary between the boards as follows: OxfordAQA 67.5%, Cambridge International 50%, Pearson Edexcel either 33.3% or 50% depending on whether candidates take two or three Pure Mathematics modules.

Mechanics: Content for the full Mechanics across all three boards modules is broadly similar and includes SHM and circular motion although centres of mass is not on the OxfordAQA specification. Pearson Edexcel candidates can bypass Mechanics completely by choosing other options. In the OxfordAQA specification it would be a minimum of 5% and a maximum of 27.5% whereas Cambridge International is approximately 25% (half of paper 2) and Pearson Edexcel is 0%, 16.7% (one of M1, M2 and M3) or 33.3% (two of M1, M2 and M3) or 50% (M1, M2 and M3). For AS the comparable weightings are 12.5% for OxfordAQA, and either 0%, 33.3% (one of M1, M2 and M3) or 66.7% (two of M1, M2 and M3) for Pearson Edexcel. (Cambridge International do not offer AS Further Mathematics.)

Statistics: Content could vary significantly dependent on options. Bivariate data is an interesting omission from the OxfordAQA paper whereas probability generating functions (FPSM1) and moment generating functions (FS2) are only found on the OxfordAQA qualification. The proportional content figures for the different boards and options are the same as that for Mechanics.

Decision Mathematics: As with the Mathematics qualifications Decision Mathematics is only offered by Pearson Edexcel as a single module with a 33.3% weighting for AS 16.7% weighting for A-level.

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Appendix

Analysis and comparison of OxfordAQA Unit 1 Pure Maths

| | | OxfordAQA | Pearson Edexcel International | Cambridge International |
|------------------|----|--|-------------------------------|--|
| P1.1: Algebra | 1 | Use and manipulation of surds. | C12 | No explicit mention. Quite probably assumed knowledge. |
| | 2 | Laws of indices for all rational exponents. | C12 | No explicit mention. Quite probably assumed knowledge. |
| | 3 | Quadratic functions and their graphs. | C12 | P1 |
| | 4 | The discriminant of a quadratic function. | C12 | P1 |
| | 5 | Factorisation of quadratic polynomials. | C12 | P1 |
| | 6 | Completing the square. | C12 | P1 |
| | 7 | Solution of quadratic equations. | C12 | P1 |
| | 8 | Simultaneous equations, eg one linear and one quadratic, analytical solution by substitution. | C12 | P1 |
| | 9 | Solution of linear and quadratic inequalities. | C12 | P1 |
| | 10 | Algebraic manipulation of polynomials, including expanding brackets and collecting like terms. | C12 | P2 |
| | 11 | Simple algebraic division. | C12 | P2 |
| | 12 | Use of the Remainder Theorem and the Factor Theorem. | C12 | P2 |
| | 13 | Application of the Factor Theorem. | C12 | P2 |
| | 14 | Graphs of functions; sketching curves defined by simple equations. | C12 | P1 |

| | | OxfordAQA | Pearson Edexcel International | Cambridge International |
|--------------------------|----|--|--|--|
| | 15 | Geometrical interpretation of algebraic solution of equations and use of intersection points of graphs of functions to solve equations. | C12 | P1 (for quadratics). |
| | 16 | Knowledge of the effect of simple transformations on the graph of $y = f(x)$ as represented by $y = af(x)$, $y = f(x) + a$, $y = f(x + a)$, $y = f(ax)$ | C12 | No explicit mention. Quite probably assumed knowledge. |
| P1.2: Coordinate | 1 | Equation of a straight line, including the forms y - $y_1 = m(x - x1)$ and $ax + by + c = 0$ | C12 | P1 |
| Geometry | 2 | Conditions for two straight lines to be parallel or perpendicular to each other. | C12 | P1 |
| | 3 | The intersection of a straight line and a curve. | No explicit mention. Quite probably assumed knowledge. | P1 |
| P1.3: Differentiation | 1 | The derivative of $f(x)$ as the gradient of the tangent to the graph of $y = f(x)$ at a point; the gradient of the tangent as a limit; interpretation as a rate of change. | C12 | P1 |
| | 2 | Differentiation of polynomials. | C12 | P1 |
| | 3 | Differentiation of x ⁿ , where <i>n</i> is a rational number, and related sums and differences. | C12 | P1 |
| | 4 | Applications of differentiation to gradients, tangents and normals, maxima and minima and stationary points, increasing and decreasing functions. | C12 | P1 |
| | 5 | Second order derivatives. | C12 | P1 |

| | | OxfordAQA | Pearson Edexcel International | Cambridge International |
|----------------------|---|--|-------------------------------|-------------------------|
| P1.4: Integration | 1 | Indefinite integration as the reverse of differentiation. | C12 | P1 |
| | 2 | Integration of polynomials. | C12 | P1 |
| | 3 | Integration of x^n , where <i>n</i> is a rational number not equal to -1 , and related sums and differences. | C12 | P1 |
| | 4 | Evaluation of definite integrals. Interpretation of the definite integral as the area under a curve. | C12 | P1 |
| | 5 | Approximation of the area under a curve using the trapezium rule. | C12 | P2 |
| P1.5: Sequences | 1 | Sequences, including those given by a formula for the <i>n</i> th term. | C12 | P1 |
| and Series | 2 | Sequences generated by a simple relation of the form $x_n + 1 = f(x_n)$ | C12 | P2 |
| | 3 | Arithmetic series, including the formula for the sum of the first n natural numbers. | C12 | P1 |
| | 4 | The sum of a finite geometric series. | C12 | P1 |
| | 5 | The sum to infinity of a convergent $(-1 < r < 1)$ geometric series. | C12 | P1 |
| | 6 | The binomial expansion of $(1 + x)^n$ for positive integer n. | C12 | P1 |

Analysis and comparison of OxfordAQA Unit PSM1 (Pure Maths, Statistics and Mechanics)

| | | OxfordAQA | Pearson Edexcel International | Cambridge International |
|-------------------------------|---|--|-------------------------------|--|
| PP1.1: Circle | 1 | The equation of a circle in the form $(x - a)^2 + (y - b)^2 = r^2$ | C12 | Not included. |
| | 2 | Translation of circles. | Implied in C12. | Not included. |
| | 3 | Coordinate geometry of the circle. | C12 | Not included. |
| | 4 | The equation of the tangent and normal at a given point to a circle. | C12 | Not included. |
| PP1.2: Trigonometry | 1 | The sine and cosine rules. The area of a triangle in the form ½absinC | C12 | No explicit mention. Quite probably assumed knowledge. |
| | 2 | Degree and radian measure. | C12 | P1 |
| | 3 | Arc length, area of a sector of a circle. | C12 | P1 |
| | 4 | Sine, cosine and tangent functions. Their graphs, symmetries and periodicity. | C12 | P1 |
| | 5 | Knowledge and use of $tan\theta = sin\theta/cos\theta$; and $sin^2\theta + cos^2\theta = 1$ | C12 | P1 |
| | 6 | Solution of simple trigonometric equations in a given interval of degrees or radians. | C12 | P1 |
| PP1.3 | 1 | $y = a^{s}$ and its graph. | C12 | P2 – implied |
| Exponential and logarithms | 2 | Logarithms and the laws of logarithms. | C12 | P2 |
| | 3 | The solution of equations of the form $a^x = b$ | C12 | P2 |
| S1.1: Further Probability | 1 | Elementary probability; the concept of a random event and its probability. | S1 | S1 |
| | 2 | Addition law of probability. Mutually exclusive events. | S1 | S1 |

| | | OxfordAQA | Pearson Edexcel International | Cambridge International |
|--|---|---|--|--|
| | 3 | Multiplication law of probability and conditional probability. Independent events. | S1 | S1 |
| | 4 | Application of probability laws. | S1 | S1 |
| S1.2: Discrete | 1 | Discrete random variables and their associated probability distributions. | S1 | S1 |
| random variables | 2 | Measures of central tendency and spread. | Implied rather than explicitly stated. | Implied rather than explicitly stated. |
| | 3 | Mean, variance and standard deviation for discrete random variables. | S1 | S1 |
| | 4 | Mean, variance and standard deviation of a simple function of a discrete random variable. | S2 | S1 |
| | 5 | Mean and variance of the sum or difference of two independent discrete random variables. | S2 | S2 |
| | 6 | Mean and variance of a sum of independent discrete random variables. | S2 | S2 |
| S1.3: Bernoulli and | 1 | Conditions for application of a Bernoulli distribution. | Implied rather than explicitly stated. | Implied rather than explicitly stated. |
| binomial distributions | 2 | Mean and variance of a Bernoulli. | Implied rather than explicitly stated. | Implied rather than explicitly stated. |
| | 3 | Binomial distribution. | S2 | S1 |
| | 4 | Calculation of probabilities using formula and tables. | S2 | S1 |
| | 5 | Mean, variance and standard deviation of a binomial distribution. | S2 | S1 |
| M1.1: Motion in a straight line with constant acceleration | 1 | Displacement, speed, velocity, acceleration. | M1 | M1 |

| | | OxfordAQA | Pearson Edexcel International | Cambridge International |
|--|---|---|--|--|
| | 2 | Sketching and interpreting kinematics graphs. | M1 | M1 |
| | 3 | Knowledge and use of constant acceleration equations. | M1 | M1 |
| | 4 | Vertical motion under gravity. | M2 | M1 |
| | 5 | Average speed. | Implied rather than explicitly stated. | Implied rather than explicitly stated. |
| M1.2: Motion in a straight line with variable acceleration | 1 | Relationship between displacement, velocity and acceleration. | M2 | M2 |
| M1.3: | 1 | Force of gravity. | M2 | M1 |
| Forces and Newton's Laws | 2 | Tensions in strings and rods, thrusts in rods. Normal Reactions. Resistive forces. | M1 | M1 |
| | 3 | Newton's three laws of motion. | M1 | M1 |
| | 4 | Connected particle problems. | M1 | M1 |
| M1.4: | 1 | Concept of momentum. | M1 | Not included. |
| Momentum and impulse (Restricted to | 2 | The principle of conservation of momentum applied to two particles. | M1 | Not included. |
| motion in a | 3 | Impulse. | M1 | Not included. |
| straight line) | 4 | Direct impact with a fixed surface. | M1 | Not included. |



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