



OxfordAQA International GCSE

Islamiat (9237)

Switching guide

Switching from Pearson Edexcel International or Cambridge International Examinations to Oxford International AQA Examinations

INTERNATIONAL GCSE ISLAMIAT (9237) SWITCHING GUIDE

For this new International GCSE Islamiat specification, OxfordAQA have incorporated new approaches to learning to make it more appropriate for international schools.

Teachers will find the specification an ideal vehicle to make GCSE Islamiat enjoyable and provide the right level of challenge. It allows a freedom to teach GCSE Islamiat in a variety of ways and incorporates key themes and concepts throughout the specification.

It has been put together following consultation with teachers who will see this as the ideal choice for students who want to study and excel in GCSE Islamiat and beyond.

Topic by topic comparison

OxfordAQA Exams specification (9237)	Pearson Edexcel International specification Oxford (4IS1)	Cambridge International Examinations (CIE) specification (0493)
Assessment structure		
Two papers – 1 hour 30 minutes each	One paper that last 2 hours 30 minutes.	Two papers that 1 hour 30 mins each.
Each paper is broken in to two sections. Each section follows a set question structure. Each section contains 25 marks. Sections A and B have a common structure of short, long answer questions and an extended response question worth 12 marks. The 12 mark question will be related to a given passage from the Qur'an or Hadith. Question structure: 1,2,4,6 and 12 marks.	Three separate section within this paper with options within each section. Section A & B provide optionality with section C being compulsory. Each section begins with short-answer questions, then an explanation question worth 6 marks, and finally a longer-response question worth 12 marks, related to a given passage from the Qur'an or Hadith. Students will be expected to use their own or others' views to support their answer to the 12 mark question. Question structure: 2,3,6 and12 marks.	Each paper contains five questions of which candidates must answer Question 1, Question 2 and two others. Paper 2 contains five questions of which candidates must answer Question 1, Question 2 and two others. Some compulsory questions, with options within each question and the passage for study included in the 4 mark questions. Question structure: 4,4, 10 and 4 marks.

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Assessment objectives (including weightin	Assessment objectives (including weightings)		
AO1: Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of religion, beliefs and practices, including: • the importance of beliefs, practices, and sources of authority (Qur'an and Hadith) • the key events in the history of Islam • their influence and impact on individuals, communities, and society. • how beliefs and practices are observed.	AO1: Recall, select and communicate knowledge and understanding of relevant facts from the faith and history of Islam.	AO1: Recall, select and present relevant facts from the main elements of the faith and history of Islam	
 AO2: Examine aspects of religious beliefs practices and teachings, including: their significance and implications application of learning to and from sources of authority 	AO2: Demonstrate understanding of key concepts and themes in relation to the faith, history and teachings of Islam.	AO2: Demonstrate understanding of their significance in the teachings of Islam and in the lives of Muslims.	
	AO3: Analyse and interpret key questions and issues and their significance in the teachings of Islam and the lives of Muslims.		

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Assessment objectives weightings		
AO1: 44% AO2: 56% Greater focus on knowledge within the Oxford AQA specification	AO1: 33* AO2: 40 AO3: 27 *A total of 10 marks will assess recall of knowledge.	AO1: 68% AO2: 32%
Course content		
Paper 1	Paper 1	Paper 1
Living the Muslim Life Section A Islam: Beliefs and teachings The oneness of God (Tawhid) Key beliefs Concept of belief in Allah Belief in Angels Belief in Predestination (Al-Qadr) Belief in life after death Prophethood (Nabuat) and Holy Books in Islam The early leadership of the Muslim community Section B	Section A: The life, teachings and achievements of the Prophet Muhammad 1.1 Personal aspects of the Prophet's life 1.2 The Revelation of the Qur'an 1.3 The Prophethood of Muhammad 1.4 Opposition and Hijrah 1.5 The Sunnah of the Prophet 1.6 Teachings and example of the Prophet on specific issues of justice and equality	 Major themes of the Qur'an Three groups of passages are set for close study. These relate to the themes of: God in himself God's relationship with the created world God's Messengers. the major theme or themes of the Qur'an that appear in each passage, and the importance of these themes in the lives of Muslims today The history and importance of the Qur'an
Islam: Practices	1.7 The Prophet as leader1.8 Battles fought by the Prophet	the revelation of the Qur'an to the Prophet (pbuh) between the years 610 and 632

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SawmZakahHajjJihad	1.9 The Prophet's final acts and his achievements	the account of the compilation of the Qur'an under the Rightly Guided Caliphs the major themes of the Qur'an
 Festivals and Commemorations in Islam 	Section B: The key, beliefs, practices and features of the early Muslim community founded by the Prophet	the major themes of the Qur'an as contained both in the passages set for special study and in other similar passages
	2.1 The nature of belief in Allah	the use of the Qur'an in legal thinking, and its relationship
	2.2 Risalah	with the Hadiths, consensus (ijmaʻ) and analogy (qiyas)
	2.3 The holy books of Islam	 its significance as the basis of all thought and action in Islam.
	2.4 al-Qadr	3. The life and importance of the Prophet
	2.5 Akhirah	Muhammad (pbuh) • the main events of the
	2.6 Malaikah	Prophet's life from his birth to his call to prophethood
	2.7 Shari'ah	the main events of his activities in Makka and his
	2.8 Islamic etiquette, attitude and manners	experiences with his opponents
	2.9 The early leaders of the Muslim community	the main events of his activities in Madina, his
	Section C: Living the Muslim life today	leadership of the community there and his conflicts with the
		Makkans and others
	3.1 Shahadah	 his actions and character • the importance of his actions as
	3.2 Salah	examples for Muslim

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	3.3 Sawm 3.4 Zakah and Khums 3.5 Hajj 3.6 Jihad 3.7 Islamic festivals 3.8 Marriage and the family 3.9 Muslim citizenship and religious and political leadership	individuals in their personal conduct and relations with others including women and non-Muslims • the importance of his actions as examples for Muslim communities in their relations with other states • his significance as Seal of the Prophets and last Messenger of God. 4. The first Islamic community • the Prophet's wives • his descendants, including his children, grandchildren and the direct line recognised among Shi'a Muslims as Imams • his leading Companions, including the Ten Blessed Companions, his Scribes, the major characters who surrounded him in his ministry, the Emigrants and Helpers, and the four Rightly Guided Caliphs during his lifetime.

Cambridge International Examinations (CIE) specification (0493)
Paper 2
1. Major teachings in the Hadiths of the Prophet Two groups of passages are set for close study. These relate to: individual conduct life in the community. 2. The history and importance of the Hadiths the history of the compilation of the Hadiths the earliest collections the main musnad and musannaf collections the main compilers and their activities the methods based on examination of the chain of transmitters (isnad) and the text (matn) of a Hadith to test the reliability of the Hadith the main features of the six collections of Sunni Hadiths and the four collections of Shi'a Hadiths the major themes of the

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Sources of authority in Islam The revelation and compilation of the Qur'an. The features and use of the Qu'ran as a source of authority The Hadith and Sunnah as a source of Shariah. The compilation and categorisation of Hadith. The different schools of thought in Islam Ijma and Qiyas as a source of Shariah. The use of Shariah in everyday life. The personal impact of sources of authority on the character of a Muslim The social impact of sources of authority on the character of a Muslim The legal impact of sources of authority on the character of a Muslim		special study and in other similar passages • their use in legal thinking, and their relationship with the Qur'an, consensus (ijma') and analogy (qiyas) • their significance in thought and action in Islam. 3. The period of rule of the Rightly Guided Caliphs and their importance as Leaders • the main events of the rules of the four Caliphs • their policies in maintaining and expanding the state • their approaches to leading the community • their main achievements • the main difficulties they encountered • their significance as examples of leadership • the importance of their rules as models for government today • their importance as examples for Muslim communities in their relations with other states

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		4. The Articles of Faith and the Pillars of Islam
		 the Six Articles of Faith: God, including what Muslims believe about him angels, their nature and duties books, their contents and purpose prophets, their character and function God's predestination and decree, its meaning and significance Resurrection and the last day, the main events and its significance. Jihad in its range of meanings, physical, mental and spiritual. the Five Pillars of Islam: the declaration of faith, shahada, including the significance of what it contains prayer, salat, including preparations, its performance and importance, congregational prayers on Fridays and festivals, times of prayer, the place of prayer, private prayer, delayed prayer

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		 pilgrimage, hajj, including the main observances involved and their significance.
Topic by topic differences		
Spec reference and title	Description of differences	Description of differences
3.1.1.1 The Oneness of God (Tawhid)	Similar content coverage.	Similar content coverage.
3.1.1.2 Nature of belief in Allah	Similar content coverage.	Similar content coverage.
3.1.1.3 Key beliefs	Similar content coverage.	Similar content coverage.
3.1.1.4 Belief in Angels	Similar content coverage.	Similar content coverage.
3.1.1.5 Belief in Predestination (Al-Qadr)	Similar content coverage.	Similar content coverage.
3.1.1.6 Belief in life after death	Similar content coverage.	Similar content coverage.
3.1.1.7 Prophethood (<i>Nabuat</i>) and Holy Books in Islam	Similar content coverage.	Similar content coverage.
3.1.1.8 The early leadership of the Muslim community	Similar content coverage.	Similar content coverage.
3.1.2.1 The key practices in Islam	Similar content coverage.	Similar content coverage.
3.1.2.2 Shahadah	Similar content coverage.	Similar content coverage.

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3.1.2.3 Salah	Similar content coverage.	Similar content coverage.
3.1.2.4 Sawm	Similar content coverage.	Similar content coverage.
3.1.2.5 Zakah	Similar content coverage.	Similar content coverage.
3.1.2.6 <i>Hajj</i>	The OxfordAQA specification gives precise details of what students need to study. For example: Ihram, Meeqat and the actions pilgrims perform at sites including the Ka'aba, Mina, Arafat and Muzdalifah. It also includes a detailed look at umrah which may be considered more relevant to students at 16.	Similar content coverage.
3.1.2.7 Jihad	Similar content coverage.	OxfordAQA specification breaks this down into the different types of jihad, the CIE one is very broad and says: Jihad in its range of meanings, physical, mental and spiritual. The Oxford AQA clearly stipulates what is to be studied: The meaning and importance of the 4 types of <i>Jihad</i> : with one's heart (<i>Bil-qalb</i>); with one's tongue (<i>Bil-lisan</i>), with one's hand (<i>Bil-yad</i>); and with a sword (<i>Bil-sayf</i>). The rules for conducting armed warfare (<i>Kitaal</i>).
3.1.2.8 Festivals and Commemorations in Islam	Similar content coverage.	The festival of Eid, which is a key celebration for all Muslims is not an area of study in this specification. The Oxford AQA one includes a

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		range of festivals including Ashura, Eid ul Fitr and Eid ul Adha
Paper 2: The life of Hazrat Muhammad مُسَلَّمُ وَاَصْنُحَابِم اللهِ وَعَلَى عَلْثِهِ اللهُ صَلَّى اللَّبِيَّنَ خَاتَّمُ and sources of authority in Islam	Similar content coverage.	Similar content coverage.
3.2.1.1 Pre-Islamic Arabia	Focus here is on the prophet specifically, the OxfordAQA specification also looks at the social and political environment during the early life of the prophet and the issues faced by the people of Mecca.	Similar content coverage.
3.2.1.2 Early Life of Hazrat Muhammad وَسَلَّمَ وَأَصْحُابِم الْمِ وَعَلَى عَلَيْهِ اللهُ صَلَّى النَّبِيَنَ خَاتَمُ	Students also study: The private and public preaching and Muhammad's صلى الله عليه وسلم early message, including the first converts to Islam, his call to Tawhid and rejection of idol worshiping. The early teachings of Islam, including the rights for women, the outlawing of alcohol and gambling.	Students are required to study the wives of the prophet. The Oxford AQA specification looks specifically at the role of Khadija (RA)
3.2.1.3 The call to Prophethood (Nabuat)	Similar content coverage.	Similar content coverage.
3.2.1.4 Early preaching of Islam	Similar content coverage.	Similar content coverage.
3.2.1.5 Opposition to Hazrat Muhammad وَسَلَّمَ وَاصْحُابِم اللهِ وَعَلَى عَلَيْهِ اللهُ صَلَّى النَّبِيِّنَ خَاتَمُ	Similar content coverage.	Similar content coverage.
3.2.1.6 The Ascension of Hazrat Muhammad وَسَلَّمَ وَاصْحَابِم الْمِ وَعَلَى عَلَيْمِ اللهُ صَلَّى النَّبِيْنَ خَاتَمُ	Similar content coverage.	Not an area of study
3.2.1.7 The <i>Hijrah</i> and the Madni Period	Similar content coverage.	Not an area of study

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3.2.1.8 Supporters of Hazrat Muhammad وَسَلَّمَ وَأَصْنُحَانِم اللهِ وَعَلَى عَلَيْهِ اللهُ صَلَّى النَّبَيِّنَ خَاتَمُ	Similar content coverage.	Students must study all 10 blessed companions in this spec. For the AQA specification this has been narrowed down to 2 so students can look at them in depth and gain a deeper understanding.
3.2.1.9 The battles fought by Hazrat Muhammad وَسَلَّمَ وَاصْحَابِم الْمِ وَعَلَى عَلَيْهِ الله صَلَّى النَّبِيْنَ خَاتَّمُ وَاصْحَابِم الْمِ وَعَلَى عَلَيْهِ الله صَلَّى النَّبِيْنَ خَاتَمُ المُعَالِمِ الم	Students study the treaty of Hudaybiyah and conquest of Makkah	The main events of his activities in Madina, his leadership of the community there and his conflicts with the Makkans and others are covered but the specification does not specify battles. The AQA specification has been designed to allow students to study key battles in details and learn key lessons from them.
3.2.1.10 The legacy and lessons of Hazrat Muhammad's وَسَلَّهُ وَاصْحَابِم اللَّمِ وَعَلَى عَلَيْهِ اللهُ صَلَّى النَّبِيِّنَ خَاتُمُ life	Similar content coverage.	Similar content coverage.
3.2.2.1 The revelation and compilation of the Qur'an.	Similar content coverage.	Similar content coverage.
3.2.2.2 The features and use of the Qur'an as a source of authority	Similar content coverage.	The AQA specification allows students to examine Makki and Madani surahs and the key themes that emerge from them.
3.2.2.3 The Hadith and <i>Sunnah</i> as a source of <i>Shariah</i> .	Similar content coverage.	Similar content coverage.
3.2.2.4 The compilation and categorisation of Hadith.	Not included in the Pearson specification.	Students are required to examine the 6 authentic hadith in the CIE syllabus the Oxford AQA one has been designed to allow

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		students to look at the 2 most authentic Hadith compilations namely; Sahih Bukhari and Sahih Muslim.
3.2.2.5 The different schools of thought in Islam	Not included in the Pearson specification. This is an important aspect of the course as it allows students to develop a broader understanding of Islam and the diverse interpretations that exist within the religion.	Not included in the CIE specification. This is an important aspect of the course as it allows students to develop a broader understanding of Islam and the diverse interpretations that exist within the religion.
3.2.2.6 <i>Ijma</i> and <i>Qiyas</i> as a source of <i>Shariah</i> .	Not included in the Pearson specification. Students only study Qur'an and Sunnah.	Similar content coverage.
3.2.2.7 The use of <i>Shariah</i> in everyday life	Similar content coverage.	Not included in the CIE specification.
3.2.2.8 The personal impact of sources of authority on the character of a Muslim	Similar content coverage.	Similar content coverage.
3.2.2.9 The social impact of sources of authority on the character of a Muslim	Similar content coverage.	Similar content coverage.
3.2.2.10 The legal impact of sources of authority on the character of a Muslim	Similar content coverage.	Similar content coverage.