
INTERNATIONAL GCSE HISTORY

Paper 1: International relations depth studies:
conflict and peace in the 20th century

Specimen paper

07:00 GMT

Time allowed: 1 hour 45 minutes

Materials

For this paper you must have:

- An OxfordAQA 12-page answer booklet.
- A Sources insert booklet

Instructions

- Use black ink or black ball-point pen.
- Answer **one** question from **Section A** and **one** question from **Section B**.

Information

- The marks for questions are shown in brackets.
- The maximum mark for this paper is 60.

Section A

Answer **one** question from this section on your chosen option.

Answer all parts of the question.

Either

Peace-making and the League of Nations, c1919-1939

0 1 . 1

Source A supports setting up the League of Nations. How do you know?

Explain your answer using **Source A** and your own knowledge.

[4 marks]

0 1 . 2

How is **Source A** different to **Source B** about the League of Nations?

Explain **one** difference using the content of **Sources A and B** and your own knowledge.

[6 marks]

0 1 . 3

Why is **Source C** useful to a historian studying the setting up of the League of Nations?

Explain your answer using the content and provenance of **Source C** and your own knowledge.

[8 marks]

0 1 . 4

According to **Sources A-E**, why did the League of Nations find it difficult to maintain world peace?

Explain your answer using the content of **Sources A-E** and your own knowledge.

[12 marks]

Or

Crises of the Cold War, 1960-1975

0 2 . 1 **Source F** supports Khrushchev. How do you know?

Explain your answer using **Source F** and your own knowledge.

[4 marks]

0 2 . 2 How is **Source F** different to **Source G** about the Cuban Missile Crisis?

Explain **one** difference using the content of **Sources F and G** and your own knowledge.

[6 marks]

0 2 . 3 Why is **Source H** useful to a historian studying the Cuban Missile Crisis?

Explain your answer using the content and provenance of **Source H** and your own knowledge.

[8 marks]

0 2 . 4 According to **Sources F-J**, who was most responsible for preventing nuclear war in 1962?

Explain your answer use the content of **Sources F-J** and your own knowledge.

[12 marks]

Section B

Answer **one** question from this section on your chosen option.

Answer all parts of the question.

Either

The Origins of the First World War c1890-1914

03.1 Identify **three** features of 'splendid isolation'. **[3 marks]**

03.2 Explain **one** way in which the Anglo-German naval race increased tensions in Europe. **[6 marks]**

03.3 Why was there a crisis over events in Morocco in 1905?
Explain **two** reasons. **[9 marks]**

03.4 'The actions of Austria-Hungary were the main cause of the outbreak of war in Europe in 1914.'
How far do you agree with this statement?
Explain your answer with reference to the actions of Austria-Hungary and at least one other cause. **[12 marks]**

Or

Hitler's Foreign Policy and the origins of the Second World War 1933-41

0 4 . 1 Identify **three** features of 'lebensraum'. **[3 marks]**

0 4 . 2 Explain **one** way in which German armed forces became involved in the Spanish Civil War. **[6 marks]**

0 4 . 3 Why was Hitler able to carry out the union of Germany and Austria in 1938?
Explain **two** reasons. **[9 marks]**

0 4 . 4 'The policy of appeasement was the main cause of the outbreak of the Second World War in 1939.'
How far do you agree with this statement?
Explain your answer with reference to the policy of appeasement and at least one other cause. **[12 marks]**

Or

The origins and development of the Cold War, 1945-1960

0 5 . 1 Identify **three** features of Containment. **[3 marks]**

0 5 . 2 Explain **one** way in which Soviet Union respond to events in Hungary during 1956. **[6 marks]**

0 5 . 3 Why did the UN and USA become involved in Korea?
Explain **two** reasons. **[9 marks]**

0 5 . 4 'The main reason for the development of the Cold War in the years 1945-1949 was the Truman Doctrine.'
How far do you agree with this statement?
Explain your answer with reference to the Truman Doctrine and at least one other reason. **[12 marks]**

Or

Détente and the Collapse of Communism 1969-1991

0 6 . 1

Identify **three** features of SALT I.

[3 marks]

0 6 . 2

Explain **one** way in which the United States responded to Soviet involvement in Afghanistan.

[6 marks]

0 6 . 3

Why was the Reykjavik Summit (1986) important in reducing tensions between the superpowers?

Explain **two** reasons.

[9 marks]

0 6 . 4

‘The Solidarity movement in Poland was the main reason why Soviet control in Eastern Europe collapsed.’

How far do you agree with this statement?

Explain your answer with reference to the Solidarity movement in Poland and at least one other reason.

[12 marks]

END OF QUESTIONS

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